

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## DOW AGROSCIENCES LLC

**Product name:** DIMENSION™ 2EW Herbicide

**Issue Date:** 08/25/2016

**Print Date:** 08/25/2016

DOW AGROSCIENCES LLC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

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## 1. IDENTIFICATION

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**Product name:** DIMENSION™ 2EW Herbicide

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

**Identified uses:** End use herbicide product

### COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW AGROSCIENCES LLC  
9330 ZIONSVILLE RD  
INDIANAPOLIS IN 46268-1053  
UNITED STATES

**Customer Information Number:**

800-992-5994  
info@dow.com

### EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 800-992-5994

**Local Emergency Contact:** 352-323-3500

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## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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### Hazard classification

This material is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

Skin irritation - Category 2

Skin sensitisation - Sub-category 1B

Reproductive toxicity - Category 2

### Label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



Signal word: **WARNING!**

**Hazards**

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Precautionary statements****Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

**Response**

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

**Storage**

Store locked up.

**Disposal**

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**

No data available

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**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

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This product is a mixture.

| <b>Component</b> | <b>CASRN</b>  | <b>Concentration</b> |
|------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Dithiopyr        | 97886-45-8    | 24.0%                |
| Cyclohexanone    | 108-94-1      | 13.0%                |
| Toluene          | 108-88-3      | 0.1%                 |
| Balance          | Not available | 62.9%                |

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**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

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**Description of first aid measures**

**General advice:** First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Skin contact:** Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Wash clothing before reuse. Shoes and other leather items which cannot be decontaminated should be disposed of properly.

**Eye contact:** Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

**Ingestion:** Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:** Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Notes to physician:** No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

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## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

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**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

**Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

**Hazardous combustion products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Sulfur oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen fluoride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids. When product is stored in closed containers, a flammable atmosphere can develop.

**Advice for firefighters**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Consider feasibility of a controlled burn to minimize environment damage. Foam fire extinguishing system is

preferred because uncontrolled water can spread possible contamination. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Burning liquids may be extinguished by dilution with water. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

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## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information. Spills or discharge to natural waterways is likely to kill aquatic organisms.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

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## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

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**Precautions for safe handling:** Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

| Component     | Regulation | Type of listing | Value/Notation               |
|---------------|------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Dithiopyr     | Dow IHG    | TWA             | 0.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>       |
| Cyclohexanone | Dow IHG    | TWA             | 7.5 ppm                      |
|               | Dow IHG    | TWA             | SKIN                         |
|               | Dow IHG    | STEL            | 15 ppm                       |
|               | Dow IHG    | STEL            | SKIN                         |
|               | ACGIH      | TWA             | 20 ppm                       |
|               | ACGIH      | STEL            | 50 ppm                       |
|               | OSHA Z-1   | TWA             | 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 50 ppm |
|               | ACGIH      | TWA             | SKIN                         |
|               | ACGIH      | STEL            | SKIN                         |
|               | Toluene    | ACGIH           | TWA                          |
| OSHA Z-2      |            | TWA             | 200 ppm                      |
| ACGIH         |            | TWA             | BEI                          |
| OSHA Z-2      |            | CEIL            | 300 ppm                      |
| OSHA Z-2      |            | Peak            | 500 ppm                      |

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

### Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

### Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use chemical goggles.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection:** Use gloves, chemically resistant to this material, at all times.

Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Viton. Butyl rubber. Neoprene. Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR").

NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use chemical protective clothing resistant to this material, when there is any possibility of skin contact. Wear a face-shield which allows use of chemical goggles, or wear a full-face respirator, to protect face and eyes when there is any likelihood of splashes.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as

respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

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## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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### Appearance

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Physical state</b>                         | Liquid.  |
| <b>Color</b>                                  | Tan  |
| <b>Odor</b>                                   | Mild   |
| <b>Odor Threshold</b>                         | No data available  |
| <b>pH</b>                                     | 4.57 1% <i>pH Electrode</i> (1% aqueous suspension)                              |
| <b>Melting point/range</b>                    | Not applicable   |
| <b>Freezing point</b>                         | No data available  |
| <b>Boiling point (760 mmHg)</b>               | No data available  |
| <b>Flash point</b>                            | <b>closed cup</b> > 100 °C (> 212 °F) <i>Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93</i> |
| <b>Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)</b>   | No data available  |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>              | No data available  |
| <b>Lower explosion limit</b>                  | No data available  |
| <b>Upper explosion limit</b>                  | No data available  |
| <b>Vapor Pressure</b>                         | No data available  |
| <b>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)</b>       | No data available  |
| <b>Relative Density (water = 1)</b>           | No data available  |
| <b>Water solubility</b>                       | emulsifiable   |
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b> | No data available  |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>              | No data available  |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>              | No test data available   |
| <b>Dynamic Viscosity</b>                      | 34.3 mPa.s at 20 °C (68 °F) 15.7 mPa.s at 40 °C (104 °F)                         |
| <b>Kinematic Viscosity</b>                    | No data available  |
| <b>Explosive properties</b>                   | No   |
| <b>Oxidizing properties</b>                   | No significant increase (>5C) in temperature.                                    |
| <b>Liquid Density</b>                         | 1 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C (68 °F) <i>Digital density meter</i>                |
| <b>Molecular weight</b>                       | No data available  |

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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**Reactivity:** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**Chemical stability:** Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid:** Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with: Acids. Amines. Oxidizers.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Hydrogen fluoride. Nitrogen oxides. Sulfur oxides.

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### Acute toxicity

#### Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product:

LD50, Rat, female, > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product:

LD50, Rabbit, male and female, > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to mist. Based on the available data, narcotic effects were not observed. Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

As product:

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.41 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.  
May cause peeling of the skin.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight eye irritation.  
May cause slight corneal injury.

**Sensitization**

Has demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

For the active ingredient(s):

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Adrenal gland.

Blood.

Gall bladder.

Kidney.

Liver.

Thyroid.

For the minor component(s):

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Central nervous system.

Kidney.

Liver.

Symptoms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or narcotic effects; dizziness and drowsiness may be observed.

**Carcinogenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Teratogenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at doses which caused toxic effects in the mother. For the minor component(s): Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

**Reproductive toxicity**

For the active ingredient(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. Cyclohexanone caused reduced growth and survival of offspring in an animal reproduction study. Dose levels producing this effect also caused central nervous system effects in parental animals. In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with reproduction in males. Effects have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

**Mutagenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative. For the minor component(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases. Animal genetic toxicity studies were inconclusive

**Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Component**  
Cyclohexanone

**List**  
ACGIH

**Classification**  
A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with



unknown relevance to humans.

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### Toxicity

#### Acute toxicity to fish

Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Cyprinus carpio (Carp), semi-static test, 96 Hour, 3.0 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

#### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 48 Hour, 4.9 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 0.15 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

### Persistence and degradability

#### Dithiopyr

**Biodegradability:** Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the presence of oxygen).

#### Cyclohexanone

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 87 %

**Exposure time:** 14 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301C or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 2.61 mg/mg

#### Photodegradation

**Test Type:** Half-life (indirect photolysis)

**Sensitizer:** OH radicals

**Atmospheric half-life:** 10.6 Hour

**Method:** Estimated.

#### Toluene

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 100 %

**Exposure time:** 14 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301C or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 3.13 mg/mg Calculated.

**Photodegradation**

**Test Type:** Half-life (indirect photolysis)

**Sensitizer:** OH radicals

**Atmospheric half-life:** 2 d

**Method:** Estimated.

**Balance**

**Biodegradability:** No relevant data found.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Bioaccumulation:** No data available.

**Mobility in soil**

**Dithiopyr**

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 20500

**Cyclohexanone**

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 15 Estimated.

**Toluene**

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 37 - 178 Estimated.

**Balance**

No relevant data found.

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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**Disposal methods:** If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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**DOT**

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <b>Proper shipping name</b> | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid,<br>n.o.s.(Cyclohexanone) |
| <b>UN number</b>            | UN 3082   |

|                            |               |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Class</b>               | 9             |
| <b>Packing group</b>       | III           |
| <b>Reportable Quantity</b> | Cyclohexanone |

**Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):**

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Proper shipping name</b>   | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,<br>N.O.S.(Dithiopyr) |
| <b>UN number</b>  | UN 3082   |
| <b>Class</b>  | 9   |
| <b>Packing group</b>  | III   |
| <b>Marine pollutant</b>   | Dithiopyr   |
| <b>Transport in bulk<br/>according to Annex I or II<br/>of MARPOL 73/78 and the<br/>IBC or IGC Code</b> | Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk            |

**Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):**

|                             |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <b>Proper shipping name</b> | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.(Dithiopyr) |
| <b>UN number</b>            | UN 3082  |
| <b>Class</b>                | 9  |
| <b>Packing group</b>        | III  |

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

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**OSHA Hazard Communication Standard**

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312**

Acute Health Hazard  
Chronic Health Hazard

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

**Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List and/or Pennsylvania Environmental Hazardous Substance List:**

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

| Components    | CASRN    |
|---------------|----------|
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 |

**California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)**

This product contains chemical substance(s) exempt from U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory requirements. It is regulated as a pesticide subject to Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) requirements.

**Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act**

EPA Registration Number: 62719-542

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

**WARNING**

Causes skin irritation

Causes moderate eye irritation

Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

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**16. OTHER INFORMATION**


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**Hazard Rating System****NFPA**

|           | Health | Fire | Reactivity |
|-----------|--------|------|------------|
| <b>  </b> | 1      | 1    | 0          |

**Revision**

Identification Number: 101213347 / A211 / Issue Date: 08/25/2016 / Version: 7.0

DAS Code: GF-1396

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

**Legend**

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| ACGIH    | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)  |
| BEI      | Biological Exposure Indices  |
| CEIL     | Acceptable ceiling concentration   |
| Dow IHG  | Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline   |
| OSHA Z-1 | USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants |

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| OSHA Z-2 | USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2                                 |
| Peak     | Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift |
| SKIN     | Absorbed via skin  |
| STEL     | Short term exposure limit  |
| TWA      | Time weighted average  |

**Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW AGROSCIENCES LLC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.